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2020 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

City of Miami	806-868-4791
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number
122 Water St, Miami, TX, 79059	
Taxing Unit Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller For 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do use this form but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

STEP 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
1.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2019 taxable value on the 2019 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (will deduct taxes in Line 17).[1]		\$18,529,121
2.	2019 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.[2]		\$0
3.	Preliminary 2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.		\$18,529,121
4.	2019 total adopted tax rate.		\$.829653
5.	2019 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2019 appraised value.		
	A. Original 2019 ARB values:	\$0	
	B. 2019 values resulting from final court decisions:	\$0	The state of the s
	C. 2019 value loss. Subtract B from A.[3]		\$0

Line	No-New-Revenue Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
	2020 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below.[12]	·	
	E. Total 2020 value Add A and B, then subtract C and D		\$18,926,639
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll.[13]		
	A. 2020 taxable value of properties under protest The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest.[14]	\$0	
	B. 2020 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll.[15]	\$0	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.		\$0
20.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.[16]		\$0
21.	2020 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20C.[17]		\$18,926,639
22.	Total 2020 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2019. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2020 value of property in territory annexed. [18]		\$0
23.	Total 2020 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2019. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2019 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2020.[19]		\$193,800
24.	Total adjustments to the 2020 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.		\$193,800
25.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.		\$18,732,839
26.	2020 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100.[20]		\$.820628 /\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2020 county NNR tax rate.[21]		

[2]Tex. Tax Code Section
[4] Tex. Tax Code Section
[6]Tex. Tax Code Section
[8] Tex. Tax Code Section
[10]Tex. Tax Code Section
[12]Tex. Tax Code Section
[14]Tex. Tax Code Section
[16]Tex. Tax Code Section
[18]Tex. Tax Code Section
[20] Tex. Tax Code Section

STEP 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit s debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter Approval Tax Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
28.	2019 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2019 M&O tax rate.		\$.829653
29.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		18,529,121
30.	Total 2019 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by 100.		153,727
31.	Adjusted 2019 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.	0.000	
	A. 2019 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. For cities, counties and hospital districts, enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2019, if any. Other taxing units, enter 0. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent.	. 0	
	B. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019.	0	
	C. 2019 taxes in TIF: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.	0	
	D. 2019 transferred function: If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in E below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in E below. Other taxing units enter 0.	o	
	E. 2019 M&O levy adjustments. Add A and B, then subtract C. For taxing unit with D, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	0	
	F. Add Line 30 to 31E.		153,727
32.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		18,732,839
33.	2020 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted) Divide Line 31F by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	•	0.820628
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate.[23]		
	A. 2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	0	
	B. 2019 state criminal justice mandate Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies		

Line	Voter Approval Tax Rate Activity	Amount/Ra	
40.	Total 2020 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	`	•
	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. Enter debt amount	0	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	0	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt(enter zero if none)	0	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources	. 0	,
•	E. Adjusted debt Subtract B, C and D from A		0
41.	Certified 2019 excess debt collections Enter the amount certified by the collector.		0
42.	Adjusted 2020 debt Subtract Line 41 from Line 40E		0
43.	2020 anticipated collection rate.		
-	A. Enter the 2020 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector	98.00	
	B. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate	101.00	
	C. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate	101.00	
rome and a second	D. Enter the 2017 actual collection rate	96.63	
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%.		98.00
44.	2020 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 42 by Line 43E.		0
45.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.		18,926,639
46.	2020 debt rate Divide Line 44 by Line 45 and multiply by \$100.		0.000000
47.	2020 voter-approval tax rate. Add Line 39 and 46.		0.849349
48.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rate for each type of tax the county livies. The total is the 2020 county voter-approval tax rate.		

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voterapproval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
49.	Taxable sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or May 2020, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters [32]. Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019, skip this line.	
50.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue.[33] Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020. Multiply the amount on Line 49 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95 [34] -or- Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	0

STEP 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years [39]. In a year where a special taxing unit adopts a rate above the voter-approval tax rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

For each tax year before 2020, the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval rate is considered zero, therefore the unused increment rate for 2020 is zero.[40]

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. [41]

Line	Activity	Amount/Rate
61.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	0.000000
62.	2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2028 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	0.000000
63.	2017 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2017 actual tax rate and the 2017 unused increment rate from the 2017 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	0.000000
64.	2020 unused increment rate. Add Lines 61, 62 and 63.	0.000000
65.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 64 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 47, Line 48 (counties), Line 56 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 60 (taxing units with pollution control).	

STEP 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit.[42]

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. [43]

Line	Activity	Amount/Rate
66.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 38 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	0.820628
67.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	18,926,639
68.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 67 and multiply by \$100.	2.641779
69.	2020 debt rate Enter the rate from Line 46 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	0,000000
70.	De minimis rate Add Lines 66, 68 and 69.	3.462407

STEP 7: Total Tax Rate

1	Indicate	the	applicabl	e total	ltav	rates a	e cal	lculated	above
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0.820628

Voter-Approval Tax Rate

No-new-revenue tax rate

0.849349

De minimis rate

3.462407

STEP 8: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

or Williams
Name of Taxing Unit Representative

Taxing Unit Representative

8/4/20

Notice About 2020 Tax Rates

Property Tax Rates In

(current year,

CITY OF MIAMI

		(t	axing unit's name)		
This notice concerns the _	2020 prop	erty tax rates for		ITY OF MIAMI	
amount of taxes as last yea can adopt without holding a	ation about two tax rate r if you compare prope n election. In each case	s used in adopting the current ties taxed in both years. In mo a, these rates are calculated by given per \$100 of property va	tax year's tax rate. The st cases, the voter-apy dividing the total amo	proval tax rate is the high	est tax rate a taxino unit
		this section to include an expla		ax rates were calculated.	
This year's no-new-rev	enue tax rate	***************************************	\$	1.820638 A	\$100
This year's voter-appro	val tax rate	•••••••	\$ <u>(</u>	1,849349	\$100
To see the full calculations,	please visit	www.co.roberts.tx.us fo	or a copy of the Tax Ra	ite Calculation Worksheet	
Unencumbered Fund The following estimated bala debt obligation.		taxing unit's accounts at the en	d of the fiscal year. Th	ese balances are not encu	umbered by correspondi
		Type of Fund		Balance	
			\$		
			:		
					·
additional sales tax revenue	or long-term debts that	are secured by property taxes. Principal or Contract Payment to be Pald From Property Taxes	These amounts will be Interest to be Paid From Property Taxes	e paid from upcoming prop Other Amounts to be Paid	perty tax revenues <i>(or</i> Total Payment
		\$	\$	\$	\$
				·	
			,		
					``

(expand as needed)					

The	spital Expenditures	spent \$		from July 1	to	lupe 30
1116	(name of taxing unit)	spent &	(amount)	(P	rior year)	(current year
on expenditures to mainta	ain and operate an eligible county ho	spital. In the prece	ding year, the _		g unit name)	
spent \$ for co	ounty hospital expenditures. For the c	urrent fay vear the	amount of incr			2
	increased the voter-approval tax rate	·		·	vhetiairai éa i	•
(amount of increase)	то обостания по того образования по того образ			(use one phrase to comple expenditures, or 8% more		
This notice contains a su	mmary of the no-new-revenue and vo	oter-approval calcu	lations as			
	illiams, Tax Assessor-Collecto					
	(designated individual's name and			_·		
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